**Tribonian**

Who is Titus?

What does it mean if something belongs to two people “in common”?

How would an accidental mixture be divided among the two separate owners?

How do you think the judge would make his decision?

**Excerpt from The Code of Justinian**

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**Book II, Of Things** - **I. Division of Things** If the wheat of **Titus** is mixed with yours, when this takes place by **mutual** **consent**, the mixed heap **belongs to you in common** because each body, that is, each grain, which before was the property of one or other of you, has by your mutual consent been made your common property; but, if the intermixture were accidental, or made by Titus without your consent, the mixed wheat does not then belong to you both in common; because the grains still remain **distinct**, and **retain** their proper substance. ...if either of you keep the whole quantity of mixed wheat, the other has **a real action [claim or suit]** for the amount of wheat belonging to him, but it is in the **province** of the judge to **estimate the quantity** of the wheat belonging to each.

1. Under this law, what happens if someone takes your property without your permission?

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2. How do you think this law helped the government maintain order?

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3. Why do you think it was important for the Byzantine Empire to have extensive legal codes?

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| Match one of the **bold, underlined** words from the reading with a synonym or definition below: | |
|  | Keep; hold on to |
|  | Jurisdiction; area of power |
|  | Agreement |
|  | Shared; common |
|  | Separate |